

Tri-County Health Department

Serving Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties

Richard L. Vogt, M.D. Executive Director

CERTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

This certifies that Individual Sewage Disposal System (ISDS) at 1685 Castlewood Drive Franktown CO 80116
Subdivision: Castlewood North County: Douglas has been permitted and installed in compliance with Tri-County Health Department Regulation Number I-96. A file for the ISDS will be kept in our Castle Rock office.

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION

The permit number for the system was: 2001-07-011864

The soils and percolation test was performed by: Hometake Engineering

The design engineer for the system was: Colorado Soil Llc

The system was installed by: Douglas County Septic

The system consists of:

- 1,250 gallon septic tank
- 1,250 gallon dosing tank
- 9,000 square foot absorption area.

The system is sized for 5 bedrooms. If additional bedrooms are added, an expansion may be necessary.

Maintenance Requirements:

The septic tank must be pumped and inspected every 4 years

If the septic or dosing tank is equipped with an effluent filter, the filter must be cleaned annually

If the system has alternating beds or is a drip irrigation system, beds or zones must be rotated annually

Additional maintenance requirements may apply. Refer to the operations manual or engineer's report for specific requirements.

Signature

Date: 3-12-02



TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

APPLICATION TO

INSTALL(255) □ REPAIR(256) □ EXPAND(256) \$250 \$250

AN INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

Serving Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties

ADDRESS OF PROPERTY SERVED BY PROPOSED SY	STEM:
1685 Castlewood Drive Street Address 80116 Douglas Zip Code County	FRANKTOWN City
Parcel NW 1/4 Sec NW 1/4 Sec 3 Section 3 Towns Legal Description (if no street address) Principal Merid CASTLE WOOD NORTH Subdivision Name If CBS Information Applicable (Obtained: Lengitude)	Filing (if applicable)
Property Owner: Name William A. Hall Address 14296 Fo WHITAKER Place 103 City, State Aurora, Colora 00 Zip 80015 Phone 303-693-9709	Applicant: -* SAME AS Property ourse Name Address City, State Zip Phone
Systems Contractor: Soils/Percolation Test Engineer Homestake INCHD Use Only: FSE # 11 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Job # 00 - 1107 - 1 Job # 01 - 1408
Lot Size: 10.98 ACRES PROPOSED FACILITY: Single Family (SF) Multi-Family (MF) Comm	
WATER SUPPLY: WELL Permit No. #23336 On Site: DYes DNO Community Water DYes No WELL TO BE DRILLED Continued	If Yes, Supplier

TCHD S-48 (Rev 8/98) Tri-County Health Department services are provided without regard to race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin, or disability

SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL GENERAL INFORMATION:
Number of Bedrooms 3 Basement: DFull (F) DWalkout(W) APartial(P) DNone(N)
Basement Plumbed: QYes \(\omega \)No
Are Additional Bedrooms Planned? XYes \(\sigma\)No Are the premises within 400 ft. of a sewer line? \(\sigma\)Yes \(\xi\)No
Is property within boundaries of a sewer district? Yes No
If Yes, name of sewer district
COMMERÇIAL GENERAL INFORMATION:
COMMINGIAL GENERAL IN GRANTION.
Type of Business: TCHD: Use: Only: SIC Code
Number of Employees
Design Flow > 3,000 Gallons/Day
If Yes, has Site Approval been given from CDPHE? DYes ONo
(Note: Permit cannot be issued until site approval is given from CDPHE)
Floor Drains QYes QNo
EPA Shallow Injection Well Inventory Request Form Completed
Date Paid: 6-2B-D1 Received By: bd
Payment Type: Cash
(# <u>/ 0 3</u>)
☐ Charge
Other
Amount Paid \$ 300.00
Applicant's Name WILLIAM A. HALL Please Print
Applicant's Signature William A. Hall Date 20 October, 2000
□ Aurora □ Castle Rock □ Commerce City □ Englewood □ Northglenn 15400 E. 14th Place 101 3th Street 4301 E. 72th Avenue 4857 S. Broadway 10190 Bannock Street, Suite 309 Castle Rock, CO 80104 Commerce City, CO Englewood, CO 80110 Suite 100 Aurora, CO 80011 303-663-7650 80022 303-761-1340 Northglenn, CO 80221 303-341-9370 303-288-6816 303-452-9547



Tri-County Health Department 011864

Serving Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT

AN INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

Tri-County Health Department

Chris J. Wignt, M.P.H., Ph.D. 7000 East Belleview Avenue Suite 301 Executive Director Englewood, Colorado 80111

Owner WILLIAM A. HALL

Location: 1685 Castlewood Drive Franktown CO 80116

Subdivision: Castlewood North County: Douglas

Design Requirements:

Install system per specifications of the Design Engineer

Number of Chambers: Refer to TCHD Form #S-183 Rev Date 12/15/97

Special Conditions

INSTALL SYSTEM AS PER COLORADO SOILS DESIGN PROJECT #01-1408 2-1250 GALLON TANKS AND 8800 SQUARE FOOT FIELD.

A Permit to CONSTRUCT shall expire ONE YEAR from the date of issuance unless extended to a fixed date upon request by the Applicant and approved by the Tri-County Health Department.

This Permit Expires: 07/05/2002

Issued by: Kleckner, John T., Com Leckner EHS
Tri-County Health Department on July 5, 2001

OWNER MUST MAKE SURE THAT HIS/HER ENTIRE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REMAINS OPEN FOR INSPECTION UNTIL IT HAS RECEIVED APPROVAL BY TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT. TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT CANNOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY IN CASE OF FAILURE OR INADEQUACY OF A WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM BEYOND CONSULTING IN GOOD FAITH WITH THE PROPERTY OWNER.

Permit Fee: 300.00 Payment Method Check #103

Received By: on 06/28/2001

()Owner Copy () Bldg. Dept. Copy () Installer Copy () H.D.

For Accounting Use Only:

680-500000 300.00



March 1, 2002

Tri-County Health Department 101 3rd Street Castle Rock, CO 80104

Subject:

Engineered Septic System Inspection Letter

1685 Castlewood Drive Douglas County, Colorado

Colorado Soil, LLC Project Number 01-1408

Colorado Soil, LLC made a final inspection of the subject engineered septic system on February 27, 2002. The septic system was low pressure drip irrigation and was installed in accordance with the engineers plans and specifications and Tri-County Health Department Regulations.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please feel free to contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

Elaine Gilman Inspection Dept. Mgr.

Reviewed by: Tyrone R. Carter, P.E.

Principal

ONSITE SYSTEM Date system completed 2/2 AS-BUILT DRAWING Installer: Douglas County Septic

Nicole.

Property Address 1685 Castlewood Drive

Permit #

Engineer Job # Colo. Soils 01-1408

Date system completed 2/28/02.

Installer: Douglas County Septic
10333 Wildlife Way
Littleton, CO 80125

90' 90 9,000 SF 9-1,000 SF ZONES g values

Castlewood Drine.

Tel: 303-791-7716

ISDS INSPECTION

Partial	Final .
Date:	2-22
Time: //2.	25 pm.
Date Ready:	2.25- pm
Permit #:	<u>, </u>
Address of Proper	od Dr
Installer: M. Ch	-3514 Spt: (
Phone #: 9/2	-3514
Chambers: B or T	<u> </u>
Insp. Waived? Y	(N) By:

FINAL VISIT WORKSHEET

Permit Number: 2001-07-011864 Date Printed: July 5, 2001 Property Location: 1685 Castlewood Drive Lot 37 County: Douglas Owner: William A. Hall System Installer#: DOUGIOS (W __(This will appear on the Certification Letter) System sized for _______ Bedrooms SITE INFORMATION: Keys for completing information on installed tanks: Usage (D)osing (T) reatment (V) ault Tank Type: (C) oncrete (PT) Polyethelene (FG) Fiber Glass TANK INFORMATION Number of Tanks Installed: Tank Size in gallons and Usage: Tank 1: Size 1250 Use (D) (T) (V) Type (C) (PT) (FG) T's or Baffles (T) (B) Effluent Screen Tank 2: Use ((D)) (T) (V) Type (C) (PT) (FG) T's or Baffles (T) (B) Effluent Screen Tank 3: Size Use (D) (T) (V) Type (C) (PT) (FG) T's or Baffles (T) (B) Effluent Screen Secondary Treatment System Y (A) If yes, type: (circle one) Sand Filter (SF) Constructed Wetlands (CW) Trickling Filter (TF) Recirculating Sand Filter (RSF) Other (OT) Aerobic System (AS) Final Treatment Type: Mound (MD) Trench (T) Bed (BD) ET (ET) Pond (PD) Sand Filter (SF) Trench SB-2 (TR-SB) Drip Irrigation (DR) Bed (Chambers) (BD-CH) Trench (Chambers) (TR-CH) Other (OT) Area Size (s.f.) If Chambers Used, # ET Lined Y N <u>900</u>0 Method of Waste Water Application:

Continued on Next Page

Dosed w/Siphon (DS)

Gravity (GR)

Uniformly Dosed w/ Siphon (UDS)

Dosed w/Pump ((P))

Uniformly Dosed w/ Pump (UDP)

FINAL VISIT WORKSHEET

Date Printed: July 5, 2001

Permit Number: 2001-07-011864

Final Approval Given (Y) N

RECORD OF FINAL VISITS: (It is important to record any extra visits for billing purposes) Visit 1 Date 2-27-02 By (EHS #) By (EHS #) Visit 2 Date By (EHS #) Visit 3 Date By (EHS #)_____ Visit 4 Date____ System Engineer Inspection Y N Date Design Engineer #_____ (This will appear on Certification Letter) FINAL SITE VISIT COMMENTS: could not observe unside tanks - they were down & thad rusers & lids on them

ву (EHS #) <u>1305</u>



Tri-County Health Department

Serving Adams, Arapahoe and Douglas Counties

Chris J. Wiant, M.P.H., Ph.D. Executive Director

William A. Hall 14296 E. Whitaker Pl. 103 Aurora CO 80015

RE:

On <u>fcb. 27, 2002</u> , a partial septic system inspection was conducted on the above referenced property. The following item(s) must be completed and/or submitted prior to this Department giving final approval of your Individual Sewage
Disposal System installation:
As-Built Drawing from System Installer Final Approval Letter from System Engineer System Engineer's Letter Regarding Pump Station Signed Plot Plan Installation of a Snifter Valve Other:

Individual Sewage Disposal System located at:

If the Individual Sewage Disposal System is not approved for use by this Department, the file will reflect this and it may prevent the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or have an adverse effect on any future sale of this property.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please call 303/663-7650.

Sincerely,

Environmental Health Specialist Tri-County Health Department

Word Haubert



TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION

Permit Number and/or Address of System:					
Notes[(indic	ate date, EHS, persor esign engineer, etc.), a	n contacted (indicate and what was discus	whether proper seed and agreed	rty owner, builder, i I uponi:	nstaller, soils
J. 19.11501, 40	, o.i.g., o.i.g., o.i.o.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- 	
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SITE VISIT WORKSHEET

Date Printed: June 28, 2001

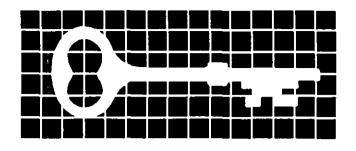
Permit Number: 2001-07-011864

Property Location: 1685 Castlewood Drive Lot 37 County: Douglas Owner: William A. Hall SITE INFORMATION AS REPORTED BY ENGINEER: PERC RATE: Holes: One 240 Two 120 Three 120 Four Five Six Avg Rate 160 Rate 160 CIRCLE ONE: No If Yes, Type Clarettone
Depth to Bedrock (ft) ______ Bedrock Encountered? No If Yes, Depth to Groundwater (ft) Ground Water Encountered? Yes Ground Slope at Absorption Area (%) 2 Max depth of disposal area (in) 30 (not to exceed depth of percolation test holes) Min depth of disposal area (in) 12 SOIL CLASSIFICATION: Most prohibitive soil below bottom of bed (circle one) CL Clay (low-med plasticity) CH Clay (high plasticity) MH Silt SC Clayey Sand
SW Sand, Well Graded
GM-GC Silty Clayey Gravel ML-CL Silt & Clay SM-SC Silty Clayey Sand SM Silty Sand SP Sand, Poorly Graded GC Clayey Gravel GM Silty Gravel BR Bedrock GW Gravel, Well Graded FIELD OBSERVATIONS: Test Pit Waived (Yes) Field Observations Consistent with Engineer's Data: Yes No IF NO, complete below (circle one) Bedrock Encountered? Yes No If Yes, Type____ Depth to Bedrock (ft) _____ Ground Water Encountered? Yes No If Yes, Depth to Groundwater (ft) Ground Slope at Absorption Area (%)_____ Max depth of disposal area (in) _____ (not to exceed depth of percolation test holes) Min depth of disposal area (in) SOIL CLASSIFICATION: CL Clay (low-med plasticity) CH Clay (high plasticity) MH Silt ML-CL Silt & Clay SC Clayey Sand ML Silt SM-SC Silty Clayey Sand SM Silty Sand SP Sand, Poorly Graded GC Clayey Gravel SW Sand, Well Graded GM-GC Silty Clayey Gravel GM Silty Gravel BR Bedrock GW Gravel, Well Graded

CONTINUED ON THE NEXT PAGE

SITE VISIT WORKSHEET

Permit Number: 2001-07-011864	Date Printed: June 28, 2001
RECORD OF SITE VISITS: (It is important to record any extra	visits for billing purposes)
Visit 1 Date 7/2/2001	By (EHS #) /555
Visit 2 Date	By (EHS #)
Visit 3 Date	By (EHS #)
Visit 4 Date	By (EHS #)
SPECIAL CONDITIONS	
Latell system as par	Colo. Soils design project # 01-1400
2-1250 Tombs and 88	oo my ft field.
	• •
COMMENTS	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Signature TCHD Inspector:	Date 2/2/2001



HOMESTAKE SOIL TESTING

Incorporated

SUBSURFACE INVESIGATION

AND

· PERCOLATION TEST

OF

LOT 37, CASTLEWOOD NORTH FRANKTOWN, COLORADO DOUGLAS COUNTY

PREPARED FOR:

BILLY HALL 14296 E. WHITAKER PLACE #103 AURORA COLORADO 80015

REPORT NO. 00-1107-1

JULY 18, 2000

10965 S. Pikes Peak Dr. Parker, Colorado 80138 Telephone (303) 841-5607

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LIMITED USE OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document is not transferable to any person or entity other than that person or entity whose name appears on this document. This is because the recommendations contained herein are specific to the information provided to Homestake Engineering, P.C. relating to the intended use of this document including but not limited to planned structures, elevations, depth of excavation etc.

No person, entity, government or any other entity shall lawfully accept the recommendations contained in this document unless the name of the person providing this document is the same as the name on the document.

Persons other than the person whose name appears on this document should contact Homestake Engineering, P.C. to obtain additional information relating to the limited use of this information.

Homestake Engineering, P.C. nor any of its agents will accept responsibility in any way for the use of this document by anyone other than the person whose name appears on this document.

The certification below is for Soils and Foundation Engineering only and should not be considered a foundation plan provided by a Structural Engineer.

Certified with all limitations included in this report.

SITE CONDITIONS

At the present time the site s planned for this site. At the present time the site is undeveloped, and it is our understanding that a residence

CONCLUSIONS AND FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Due to the amount of settlement of the soil, we recommend that his structure should be supported on grade beams and straight shaft piers (caissons) drilled a minimum length of twenty-four feet (24') and a minimum penetration into the bedrock a depth of ten feet (10'), or to refusal. These drilled piers may be from ten inches (10") to twenty four inches (24") in diameter and should be designed for a maximum end bearing pressure of 10,000 pounds per square foot (psf), a side shear of 1,000 psf, for the lowest ten foot (10') only, and a minimum dead load of 4,000 psf based on pier end area. A void or clear space of four inches (4") shall be provided under the concrete grade beams and between the drilled piers to allow for soil expansion and settlement. The contractor will have casing available for the first few feet of the holes. If water is encountered during the drilling of the piers, casing will be required and Type II cement shall be used. The drilled pier holes should be thoroughly cleaned of all loose soil and filled with concrete immediately after drilling to prevent infiltration of water or loose soil. The concrete piers shall be reinforced for their full length with a minimum of three number five (3, #5) steel bars. This reinforcing steel shall extend into the foundation wall a minimum of two feet (2'). Concrete for each pier shall be formed at the top of the pier with "Sonotube", or equal, to maintain a uniform diameter of the pier. Three inches (3") wide and thick

shear rings at one-foot (1') intervals for the lowest ten feet (10') to be provided. The soils engineer must conduct an inspection during the drilling of the piers.*

The design of this situation must consider lateral earth pressure. Proper precautions in the design must be taken to assure the walls can withstand an equivalent fluid pressure of 35 psf per foot of depth against the foundation walls.

*Due to the complexity of the site, the minimum number of test holes drilled, and the potential for the need of the soils engineer to make adjustments to the recommendations at the site, this report must be supplemented by a drilled pier inspection report provided by the writer of this report. If this requirement is not followed, the Engineer's certification on this report is not valid.

GENERAL

This report presents the results of data obtained during the subsoil investigation of Lot #37 of Castlewood North subdivision in Franktown, Colorado. This investigation was made to determine the most suitable type and depths of the foundation system, allowable soil bearing pressures, ground water conditions and problems that may be encountered during and after construction due to the soil and ground water conditions.

FIELD AND LABORATORY INVESTIGATION

Two (2) exploratory test holes were drilled on July 11, 2000 at the locations on the site as shown on the Location Map (Figure 4). The test holes were drilled with a four-inch (4") diameter power auger.

At specific intervals, the drilling tools were removed from the test holes and soil samples were obtained with a two-inch (2") inside diameter spoon sampling tube. The depths at which soil samples were taken are shown on the Log of Test Holes.

All soil samples were carefully inspected and classified in the field and laboratory. The samples were subjected to visual inspection and laboratory testing in order to evaluate the physical and mechanical properties of the materials encountered. The natural moisture content and the natural dry density were obtained from relatively undisturbed drive samples of typical materials encountered. Swell-Consolidation tests were also performed on typical samples of soil. These tests indicate the behavior of the soil upon various loading and wetted conditions.

The soil in test hole #1 consisted of silty clay to six-foot (6') depth, light brown silt to twelve-foot (12') depth, siltstone to nineteen-foot (19') depth, and claystone through twenty-foot (20') depth.

The soil in test hole #2 consisted of silty clay to 4-foot (4') depth, gravely stone to nine-foot (9') depth, and sandstone through twenty-foot (20') depth.

Test hole #1 and #2 were drilled to a depth of twenty feet (20'). No free water was encountered during the drilling process.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, SLAB ON GRADE CONSTRUCTION

UNFINISHED AREAS:

The estimated slab settlement is in the order of two to three inches (2"-3"). If the owner is willing to accept the risk of this amount of floor slab movement, the natural soils are suitable for the support of exterior concrete slabs, garage slabs, and unfinished

basement floor slabs. However when these soils have an increase in the moisture content and become wetted, they will settle, thus cracking the concrete slabs. The builder and future owners should be aware of and understand that there is a definite risk of future damage with any slab on grade construction. We recommend the following:

- Provide reinforcing to the slab sufficient to minimize cracking. The design engineer should feel free to contact the soils engineer for additional information required.
- Separate the slab from all load bearing members and utility lines to allow for independent movement of the slab. Provide a positive control or slip joint at the construction joint between the slab and foundation walls.
- 3. Provide frequent scoring of the slabs to provide control joints for possible cracking of the slab. Control joints should be placed to provide approximate slab areas of 200 square feet.
- 4. The soils that will support the concrete slabs should be kept moist during construction by occasional sprinkling of water and especially a day or so prior to pouring of the slab.
- 5. Provide compaction of the soil below the slab a minimum of one foot (1') below the bottom of the slab. A sample of the soil must be brought into Homestake's office 24 hours prior to testing. Homestake must test the soil to assure that it has been compacted to 90% of its Standard Proctor Density at 0-4% above optimum moisture content. Please contact our office for further details.

FINISHED AREAS:

If the builder and future owners are <u>not</u> willing to risk exterior concrete slab, garage slab, or unfinished basement floor slab movement, the following recommended details should be carefully followed during construction of the interior floor slabs. Experience with similar soil conditions has shown that these details will help to prevent wetting of the soils under the slabs and will minimize damage when wetting of the soil does occur. It will also buffer the settlement of the sub-graded soil and manage the moisture in the soil.

- 1. Provide two and one-half feet (2½') of non-expansive soil below the slabs. Below this elevation there should be placed 6 inches (6") of one and one-half inch (1½") crushed washed rock. This is a requirement. Further, the more non-expansive soil utilized, the less the potential for slab cracking and associated damages.
- Provide reinforcing to the slab sufficient to minimize cracking. The design engineer should feel free to contact the soils engineer for additional information required.
- Separate the slab from all load bearing members and utility lines to allow for independent movement of the slab. Provide a positive control or slip joint at the construction joint between the slab and foundation walls.
- 4. Provide frequent scoring of the slabs to provide control joints for possible cracking of the slab. Control joints should be placed to provide approximate slab areas of 200 square feet.

- 5. A minimum void or clear space of three inches (3") should be provided at or near the bottom of all non-bearing partitions and furring strips placed over the concrete slabs (see Figure 2). In finished room areas, all drywall and paneling should be stopped about two inches (2") above the top surface of the slab. This will allow some space for upward movement of the slab before pressures are applied to the wall and the upper level of the structure.
- 6. In the event a hot-water heating system is used, the piping should not be placed beneath the concrete floor slab. In the event a forced air furnace is used, a twoinch (2") collapsible connection should be provided between the furnace and the heat ducts.
- 7. The soils that will support the concrete slabs should be kept moist during construction by occasional sprinkling of water; especially a day or so prior to pouring of the slab.
- 8. In the event the builder or future owner desires to provide decorative gravel or bark around the structure, Figure 3 is attached to illustrate one acceptable method of installation. This method will prevent ponding of water near the foundation and provide for proper drainage away from the structure.

For finished basement floors, a structurally supported floor with an air space below the floor is an option. The required space depends upon the swell potential, the type of floor system used, and the moisture changes after construction. We recommend a minimum of 8 inches (8") between the soil and the bottom of floor support at this site. A floor system supported over a crawl space for all non-basement finished living areas is recommended as well. We advocate hanging utility pipes (sewer) below the floor, separated from the soils by a minimum 8-inch air gap. If it is necessary to trench below the pipe to create this gap, the trench can be sloped to drain to the foundation drain. If utility pipes are ground-supported, they should be isolated from the floor and constructed with collapsible connections.

SURFACE DRAINAGE

The backfill soil around the structure should be moistened and well compacted to prevent future settling. The owner should be advised to fill in any settled area to eliminate ponding of water near the structure and to provide adequate slope for proper drainage away from the structure and off of the site at all times.

The finished grade or ground surface near the foundation walls should have adequate slope to provide proper drainage away from the structure and off of the site. A slope of twelve inches (12") in the first twelve feet (12') out from the entire perimeter of the structure is normally considered satisfactory.

Roof downspouts and sill cocks should discharge onto long concrete splashblocks (5 feet long) or into metal gutter extensions to deposit runoff water farther out from the structure and beyond the limits of backfill soil near the foundation walls.

SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE AND BASEMENT CONSTRUCTION

It is possible that a rise in the water table could occur due to inadequate drainage on this site or the surrounding area. Therefore, a foundation drainage system must be installed (see Figure 1).

REINFORCING

The concrete foundation walls should be well reinforced at the top and bottom of the walls to clear a span at least a distance of ten feet (10'). This will give the walls beam strength to span or bridge over any soft or loose pockets of soil not found in our exploratory holes or that may develop during construction. This will also help prevent differential movements of the foundation system.

VARIATIONS IN SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

In any soil investigation it is necessary to assume that the subsurface soil conditions do not vary greatly from the conditions encountered in our field and laboratory testing. Our experience has been that at times soil conditions do change in moisture, groundwater elevation and variations do occur due to the fact that only a nominal number of exploratory holes were drilled. These changes may become apparent at the time of excavation for the foundation system. Soil conditions which may be encountered that are different from the test borings as presented in this report may result in a different or modified foundation system. Consequently, it is required that arrangements be made with our office to inspect the open excavation at your earliest convenience. This inspection is not part of this report and is not included as any part thereof.

DETAILS OF FOUNDATION DRAIN SYSTEM

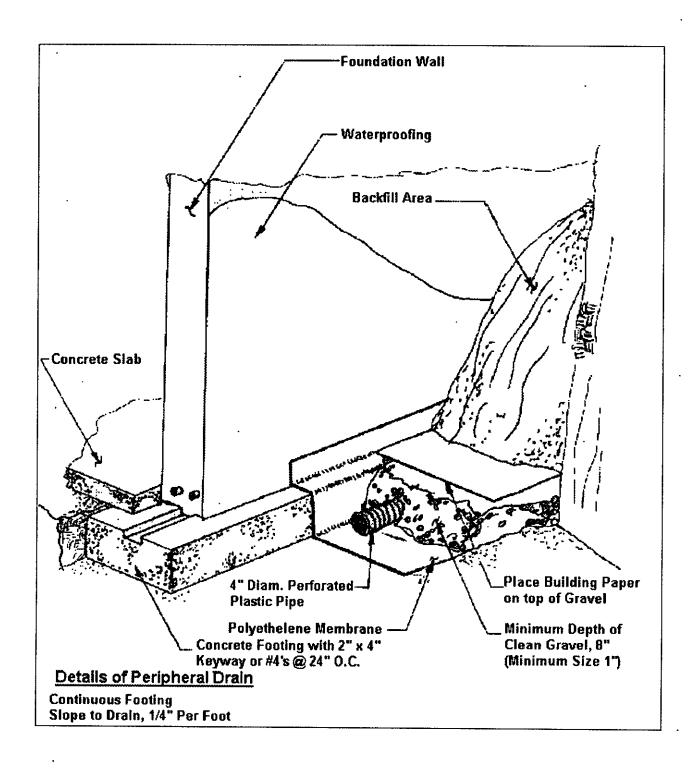


Figure 1

FRAMING DETAIL

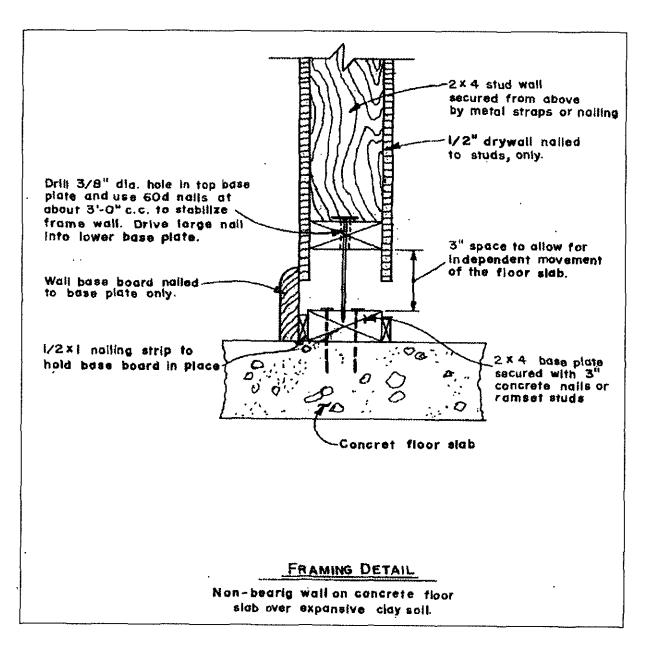


Figure 2

PREFERRED METHOD OF DRAINAGE

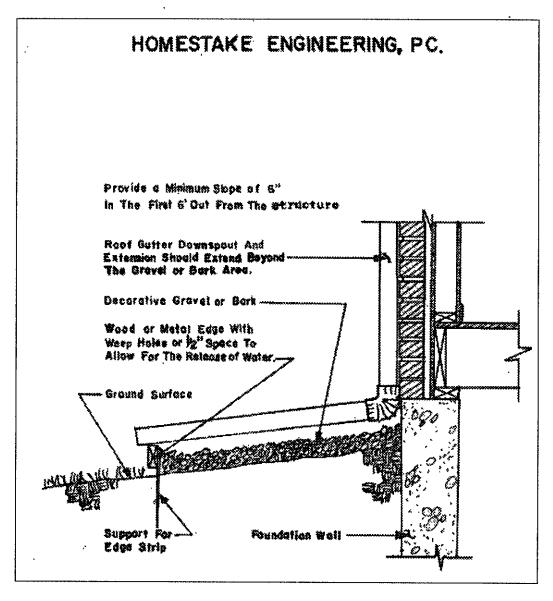
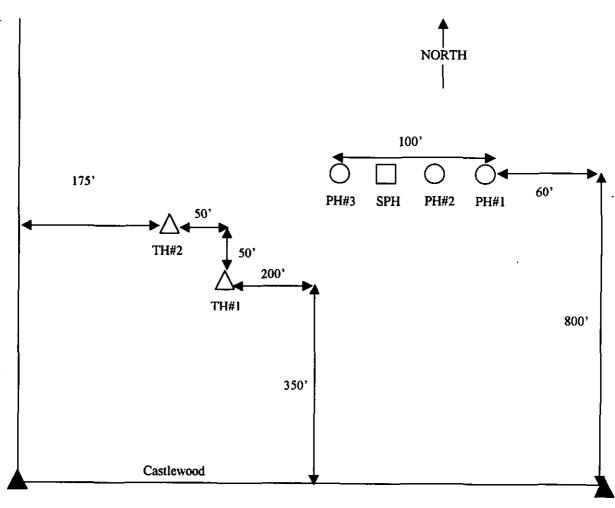


Figure 3

LOCATION MAP

NOTE: SINCE MEETS AND BOUNDS ARE NOT IDENTIFIED ON THE SITE AS A USUAL PRACTICE WE CANNOT BE SURE OF THE ACCURACY OF THIS LOCATION MAP. IT SHOULD BE UTILIZED BY THE OWNER OF THIS REPORT FOR THE SOLE PUPOSE OF FINDING THE LOCATION OF THE HOLES AND ARE ESTIMATED DISTANCE ONLY.

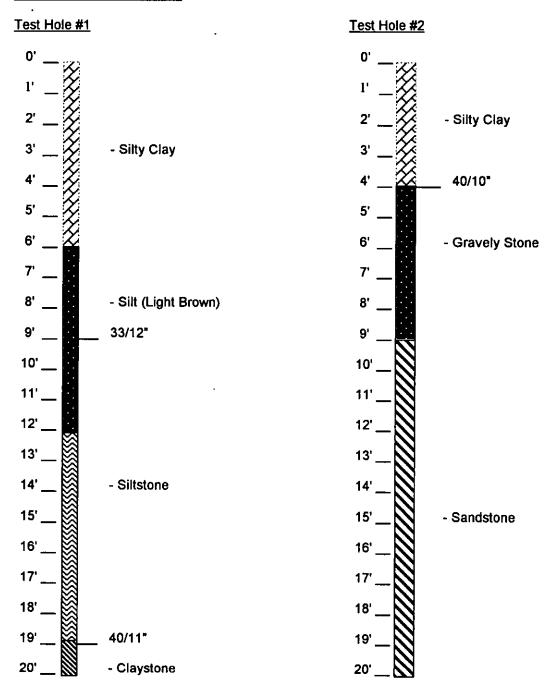


NOTE: NOT TO SCALE

Legend FOUNDATION SOIL TEST HOLE SOIL PROFILE HOLE PERCOLATION TEST HOLE PROPERTY CORNER

Figure 4

LOG OF TEST HOLES



NOTE: 28/12" indicates that it took 28 blows from a 140# hammer free falling from 30" to drive a 2" diameter sampling spoon 12". No free water was encountered during drilling.

SWELL-CONSOLIDATION TESTS

Job#

00-1107-1 Test Hole #

2

Depth =

4 ft

Job Name:

Hall

Date Tested

07/11/2000

Soil Description:

Silty Clay

Machine #

1

Date	Clock	Load on	Dial	Dial	Corrected	+ %Swell
	Time	Sample (ksf)	Reading (in)	Change (in)	Dial Reading	- %Consol.
07/11/2000	4:00 PM	0.1	0.6160			0
07/12/2000	8:00 AM	0.4	0.6090	0.007	0.0064	-0.85
07/12/2000	5:00 PM	0.4]W	0.5879	0.0281	0.0275	-3.67
07/14/2000	8:00 AM	1.0 W	0.5659	0.0501	0.0486	-6.48

Tare No:

26

15.6 g

Tare Weight: Wet Weight: 32.2 g

Dry Weight: 31.9 g

Moisture Content: 1.84 % Cylinder/Soil Weight:

412.9 g

Cylinder Weight:

113.2 g

Soil Weight:

299.7 g

Soil Weight:

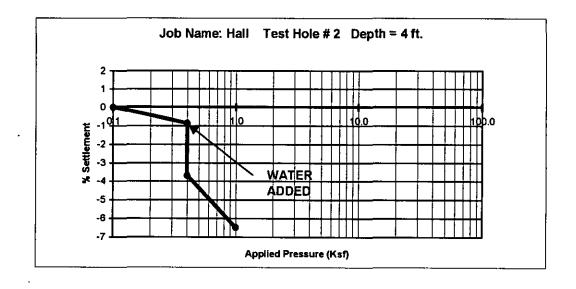
0.6601 lbs

Wet Density:

110.0 lbs/f3

Dry Density:

108.0 lbs/f³



SWELL-CONSOLIDATION TESTS (continued)

Job#

00-1107-1

Test Hole#

Depth =

9 ft

Job Name:

Hall

Date Tested

07/11/2000

Soil Description:

Silt

Machine #

2

Date	Clock	Load on	Dial	Dial	Corrected	+ %Swell
	Time	Sample (ksf)	Reading (in)	Change (in)	Dial Reading	- %Consol.
07/11/2000	4:00 PM	0.1	0.2574			0
07/12/2000	8:00 AM	0.4	0.2509	0.0065	0.0059	-0.79
07/12/2000	5:00 PM	0.4 W	0.2062	0.0512	0.0506	-6.75
07/14/2000	8:00 AM	1.0 W	0.1763	0.0811	0.0796	-10.61

1

Tare No:

21

Tare Weight: 15.6 g Wet Weight: 37.9 g

Dry Weight: 36.8 g

Moisture Content: 5.19 %

Cylinder/Soil Weight:

426.6 g

Cylinder Weight:

113.2 g

Soil Weight:

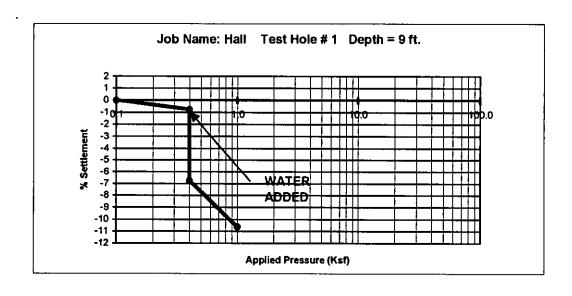
313.4 g

Soil Weight:

0.6903 lbs

Wet Density:
Dry Density:

115.1 lbs/f³

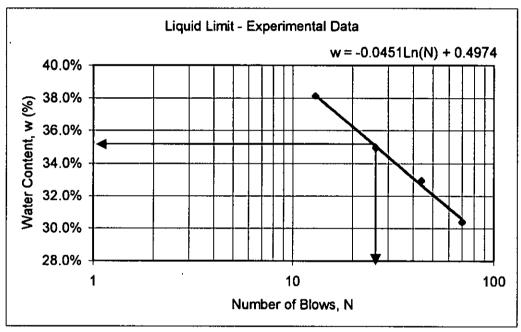


ATTERBERG LIMITS DETERMINATION

Liquid Limit Determination

Can #	23	22	29	5
Wt. Of can	15.3	15.5	15.5	15.6
Wt. Of wet soil+can	37.6	40.6	39.3	39.5
Wt. Of dry soil+can	32.4	34.1	33.4	32.9
Wt. Of dry soil	17.1	18.6	17.9	17.3
Wt. Of water	5.2	6.5	5.9	6.6
Water content	30.4%	34.9%	33.0%	38.2%
Number of Blows	70	26	44	13
	•		13	38.2%
			26	34.9%
			44	33.0%
			70	30.4%

Liquid Limit (%)= 35.2%



Plastic Limit Determination

Can #	2	15	27	33
Wt. Of can	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.5
Wt. Of wet soil+can	25.6	25.3	25.0	25.5
Wt. Of dry soil+can	23.9	23.8	23.5	24.0
Wt. Of dry soil	8.5	8.5	8.0	8.5
Wt. Of water	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5
Water content	20.0%	17.6%	18.8%	17.6%

Plastic Limit (PL) = 18.5%

Plasticity Index

PI = LL - PL = 16.7%

TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT PERCOLATION TEST



TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT PERCOLATION TEST RESULT FORM

Property Address: LOT 37, CASTLEWOOD NORT	TH, FRANKTOWN, COLORADO
Legal Description: Lot 37, Castlewood North, Frank	ctown, County of Douglas, State of Colorado
Property Owner: Name: Billy Hall Address: 14296 E. Whitaker Place #	103, Aurora, Colorado 80015
 this form. For all lots < 5 acres the site plan must include the comers or other permanent markers. 	istribution Curve of the Sample must be submitted with entire lot. Test locations must be accurately tied to lot
Saturation and Swelling Date and time presoak water added: July 11, 2000 at 11:00 AM	Groundwater Ground water Encountered: Yes: No: _x
Amount of presoak added (gallons): 8 Gallons	If yes, at what depth: feet Estimated depth to maximum seasonal water table if not encountered in profile: <u>Unknown</u>
Date and time percolation test started: July 12, 2000 at 9:00 am Did water remain in hole after overnight swelling period?	Is area believed to be subject to seasonal fluctuations which could result in a seasonal water table within 8' of surface?
Hole 1 Yes No <u>X</u> Hole 4 Yes No Hole 2 Yes No <u>X</u> Hole 5 Yes No	Yes No Unknown _X Slope determination in absorption area: _2 % to theNorth (direction)
Hole 3 Yes No <u>X</u> Hole 6 Yes No	Bedrock Bedrock encountered: Yes X No
Percolation Rate Measure:	If yes, bedrock encountered at5 feet.
Hole 1 Hole 4	Type of bedrock (if present) Sandstone
Hole 2 120 Hole 5	Claystone X Siltstone Other:
Hole 3 120 Hole 6 Average 160	If present is bedrock fractured or weathered: Yes No Unknown X

TCHD S-101 Revised 8/98



TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

PERCOLATION TEST RESULT FORM

Hole No.	Hole Depth (in.)	Length Of Interval (min.)	Water Depth (d) Start of Interval (in.)	Water Depth @ End of Interval (in.)	Brop in Level (in.)	Percolation Rate (i) Final Interval (min./in.)
1	36"	30	0	9 1/8 9 1/8		
1	36"	30	9 1/8	9 5/8	4/8	
1	36"	30	9 5/8	10	3/8	
1	36"	30 -	10	10 2/8	2/8	
1	36"	30	10 2/8	10 4/8	2/8	
1	36"	30	10 4/8	10 6/8	2/8	
1	36"	30	10 6/8	8 11 2/8		
1	36"	30	11	11 1/8	1/8	
1	36"	30			0.125	240
2	36"	30	0	6 6/8	6 6/8	
2	36"	30	6 6/8	7 5/8	7/8	
2	36"	30	7 5/8	8 2/8	5/8	
2	36"	30	8 2/8	8 6/8	4/8	
·2	36"	30	8 6/8	9 2/8	4/8	
2	36"	30	9 2/8	9 5/8	9 5/8 3/8	
2	36"	30	9 5/8	10	3/8	
2	36"	30	10	10 2/8	2/8	
2	36"	30			0.25	120

Note

¹⁾ Field Notes shall be recorded on this form or in this format; typed copies of field records may be submitted on this form.

²⁾ A four hour test must be conducted unless (a) water remains in the hole after the presoak in which case one 30 min. interval is sufficient, (b) the first 6° of water seeps away in <30 minutes in which case a one-hour test of 6-10 minute time intervals may be used, (c) the test is being conducted in sand (SW or SP) in which case a one-hour test of 6-10 minute time intervals may be used, (d) three successive water level drops do not vary by more than 1/16 inch in which case a two hour test may be conducted, (e) test is in Dawson Sands, in which case the test must be run a minimum of four hours until the last three successive water level drops vary by less than 1/16 inch.

TCHD 5-100 1/88 (REVISED 7/98)



TRI-COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT PERCOLATION TEST RESULT FORM

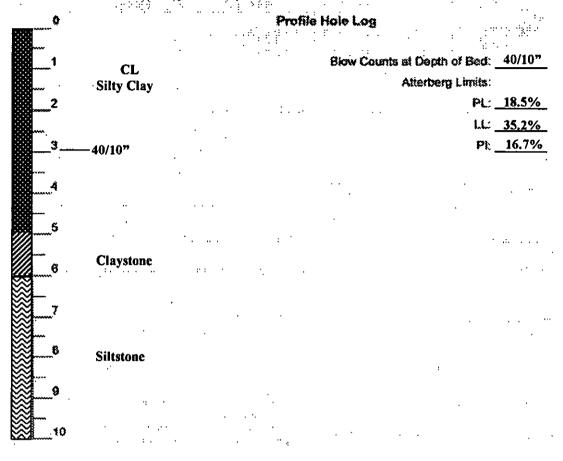
Hole Hole Depth Length Of No. (in.) Interval (min.)		Water Depth @ Start of Interval (in.)	Water Depth (a) End of Interval (in.)	Drup in Level (in.)	Percolation Rate Ø Final Interval (min/in.)	
3	36"	30	0	8 5/8	8 5/8	
3	36"	30	8 5/8	9 1/8	4/8	
3	36"	30	9 1/8	9 4/8	3/8	
3	36"	30	9 4/8	9 6/8	2/8	
3	36"	30	9 6/8	10	2/8	
3	36"	30	10	10 2/8	2/8	
3	36"	30	10 2/8	10 6/8	4/8	
3	36"	30	10 6/8	11	2/8	
3	36"	30			.25	120

¹⁾ Field Notes shall be recorded on this form or in this format; typed copies of field records may be submitted on this form.

²⁾ A four hour test must be conducted unless (a) water remains in the hole after the presoak in which case one 30 min, interval is sufficient, (b) the first 6° of water seeps away in <30 minutes in which case a one-hour test of 6-10 minute time intervals may be used, (c) the test is being conducted in sand (SW or SP) in which case a one-hour test of 6-10 minute time intervals may be used, (d) three successive water level drops do not vary by more than 1/16 inch in which case a two hour test may be conducted, (e) test is in Dawson Sands, in which case the test must be run a minimum of four hours until the last three successive water level drops vary by less than 1/16 inch.

TCHD \$-100 1/88 (REVISED 7/98)

Profile Hole Information (Continued)
Soils must be classified using Unified System ASTM D2487



Certification

I certify that the above information is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and that all tests were performed in accordance with the provisions of Tri-County Health Department Regulation I-96 by myself or under my supervision.

M/S	July 18, 2000
Original Signature	Date
Homestake Soil Testing Inc.	
Company Name	THE COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE
10965 S. Pikes Peak Dr. Parker Co. 80138	E. S.
Address	
303-841-5607	SSIONA
Phone	^

SIEVE ANALYSIS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVE

Sieve Analysis

Analyst name:

Keith Wagner

Test Date:

07/17/00

Sample Description:

Sandy Silt

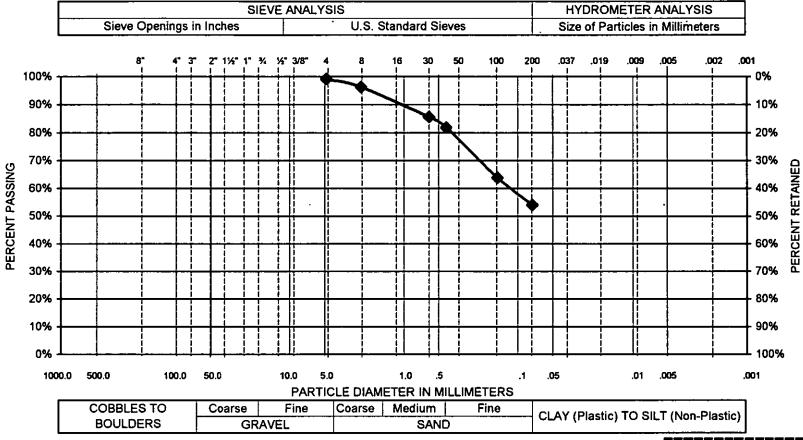
Total Sample Mass (g) =

497.9

Sieve opening (mm)	Mass Retained (g)	% Retained	<u>% Passing</u>
--------------------	-------------------	------------	------------------

4	4.76	4.2	0.84	99.16
8	2.36	14.1	2.83	96.32
30	0.6	52.9	10.62	85.70
40	0.425	19.0	3.82	81.88
100	0.15	89.5	17.98	63.91
· 200	0.075	49.1	9.86	54.05
pan		269.1	54.05	0.00
-		497.9		

0.00% lost



GRAPH NO.	BORING NO.	SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (FEET)	NATURAL DRY DENSITY (PCF)	NATURAL MOISTURE (%)	PL	PI	ш	SOIL DESCRIPTION
,									



10965 S. Pikes Peak Dr. Parker, Colorado 80138 Telephone (303) 841-5607 Fax (303) 841-5631

CALCULATIONS:

FIELD DESIGN

THE DESIGN IS FOR A 5 -BEDROOM HOUSE, DAILY LOAD (Q) IS 750 GAL. AVERAGE PERCOLATION RATE IS 160. (HOMESTAKE SOIL TESTING #00-1107-1) MAXIMUM SOIL LOADING RATE (R) IS 0.18. AREA OF FIELD IS (Q/R)(1.5)(1.6)(0.75)(1.17) = 8,775 SF USE 8,800 SF

SEPTIC AND PUMPING TANK DESIGN

NUMBER OF LATERALS: 8,800 SF/100 LF = 88 LF 88 LF/2 FT/LATERAL = 44 LATERALS PUMP SIZING: 4,400 LF/2' O.C. (HOLE SPACING) = 2,200 HOLES

2,200 x 0.50 GPM (1/4" DIA. HOLES AT 2' HEAD) = 1,100 GPM AT 10' MAX HEAD USE HYDROMATIC SPD50H (1/2 HP), GOULDS WEO3L (1/3 HP) OR APPROVED SUBTITUTE. THIS WILL PROVIDE APPROX. 75 GPM AT 10' OF HEAD

DOSE VOLUME OF 425 GAL. VOLUME OF PIPE SYSTEM IS APPROXIMATELY 403 GAL.
FIELD (ZONE) PIPE: USE 1.5" OR 2" DIA., Class 200 PVC, 1/4" DIA. HOLES AT 24" O.C.
DISTRIBUTION PIPE: USE 2" DIA., SCH. 40 PVC

NOTES:

A SEPTIC SYSTEM IS VULNERABLE TO DAMAGE IN MANY WAYS. EXCESSIVE WATER USE CAN LEAD TO SEVERE DAMAGE TO A SEPTIC DRAINAGE FIELD. EXCESSIVE WATER CAN COME FROM LEAKING TOILETS AND FAUCETS, DRAINING WATER BEDS OR HOT TUBS OR NUMEROUS LOADS OF LAUNDRY IN A DAY. OWNERS ARE ADVISED TO SPACE WATER USAGE OUT EVENLY AND KEEP IT TO A MINIMUM.

A SEPARATE SEWER CLEANOUT IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE THE HOUSE, WITHIN FIVE FEET OF THE FOUNDATION.

THE SEPTIC DRAIN FIELD IS NOT SUITABLE FOR PARKING OR DRIVING CARS OR FOR LIVESTOCK USAGE.

A VACUUM BREAKER IS REQUIRED AT THE HIGH POINT IN THE LINE BETWEEN THE PUMP AND THE DRAIN FIELD SO THIS LINE CAN DRAIN TO PREVENT FREEZING.

MANY DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION ARE OMITTED FROM THESE DRAWINGS FOR CLARITY. THE INSTALLER MUST REFER TO LOCAL REGULATIONS CONCERNING OTHER INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS ARE NOT PERMITTED IN THE PUMP CHAMBER UNLESS THEY ARE FULLY ENCASED IN A WATER TIGHT JUNCTION BOX OR SEALED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

IF THE DRAIN FIELD IS LOCATED AT A HIGHER ELEVATION THAN THE PUMP, INSTALL A SEEPAGE COLLAR AROUND THE PIPE TO PREVENT BACK FLOW THROUGH THE TRENCH FROM THE FIELD TO THE PUMP.

THE USE OF SO-CALLED "SEPTIC SYSTEM REMEDIES" CAN RESULT IN SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE SYSTEM. WE SPECIFICALLY RECOMMEND AGAINST THEIR USE.

HOMES WITH WATER SOFTENERS SHOULD HAVE A SEPARATE MINIMUM ONE CUBIC YARD GRAVEL DRAINAGE BED A MINIMUM OF TEN FEET FROM THE FOUNDATION AND THE MAIN SEPTIC DRAIN FIELD TO ACCEPT THE FLOW OF REGENERATING BRINE WHICH MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE AFFECT ON THE MICROORGANISMS WITHIN THE MAIN SEPTIC SYSTEM.

*DISTRIBUTION ZONES SHALL BE A MAXIMUM OF 100 FEET LONG BY 10 FEET WIDE AND CONTAIN FIVE LATERALS PER ZONE. ZONES MAY BE LESS THAN 100 FEET LONG AND 10 FEET WIDE, AS LONG AS THE MINIMUM B,800 SQUARE FOOT DISTRIBUTION FIELD IS MET.

NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF THE TIME AND DATE OF BACKHOE PIT OBSERVATION BY THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT *CONTACT COLORADO SOIL, LLC FOR SEPTIC INSPECTION PRIOR TO COVERING SEPTIC COMPONENTS.

AS-BUILT DRAWING MUST BE PROVIDED TO COLORADO SOIL, LLC BEFORE FINAL INSPECTION APPROVAL.

